

7.2, #12. Set $w = -x^2$, $dw = -2x dx$, then

$$\int xe^{-x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \int e^w dw = -\frac{1}{2}e^w + C = -\frac{1}{2}e^{-x^2} + C.$$

7.2, #16. Set $w = y + 5$, $dw = dy$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{y+5} dx = \int \frac{1}{w} dw = \ln w = \ln(y+5).$$

7.2, #20. Set $w = 4 - x$, $dw = -dx$, then

$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{4-x}} = - \int w^{-1/2} dw = -2w^{1/2} + C = -2\sqrt{4-x} + C.$$

7.2, #24. Set $w = \cos 3t$, $dw = -3 \sin 3t dt$, then

$$\int \sqrt{\cos 3t} \sin 3t dt = -\frac{1}{3} \int w^{1/2} dw = -\frac{2}{9}w^{3/2} + C = -\frac{2}{9}(\cos^{3/2} 3t) + C.$$

7.2, #28. Set $w = \sqrt{x}$, $dw = 1/(2\sqrt{x}) dx$, then

$$\int \frac{\cos \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \int \cos w dw = 2 \sin w + C = 2 \sin \sqrt{x} + C.$$

7.3, #1(a). Set $w = 1 + x^2$, $dw = 2x dx$. Then $w = 1$ if $x = 0$, $w = 2$ if $x = 1$, and

$$\int_0^1 \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_1^2 \frac{dw}{w} = \frac{1}{2} \ln |w| \Big|_1^2 = \frac{1}{2} \ln 2 = 0.347$$

#1(b). Set $w = \cos x$, $dw = -\sin x dx$. Then $w = 1$ if $x = 0$, $w = 1/\sqrt{2}$ if $x = \pi/4$, and

$$\int_0^{\pi/4} \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} dx = - \int_1^{1/\sqrt{2}} \frac{dw}{w} = -\ln |w| \Big|_1^{1/\sqrt{2}} = -\ln(1/\sqrt{2}) = 0.347.$$

The answers are the same since $-\ln(1/\sqrt{2}) = \ln \sqrt{2} = (1/2) \ln 2$.

7.3, #2. Set $w = \pi x$, $dw = \pi dx$. Then $w = 0$ if $x = 0$, $w = \pi/2$ if $x = 1/2$, and

$$\int_0^{1/2} \cos \pi x dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos w dw = \frac{1}{\pi} \sin w \Big|_0^{\pi/2} = \frac{1}{\pi} = 0.318.$$

7.3, #3. Set $w = x^{1/3}$, $dw = (1/3)x^{-2/3} dx$. Then $w = 1$ if $x = 1$, $w = 2$ if $x = 8$, and

$$\int_1^8 \frac{e^{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}} dx = 3 \int_1^2 e^w dw = 3e^w \Big|_1^2 = 3(e^2 - e) = 14.012.$$